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10/654,733	09/04/2003	Emrys J. Williams	5681-20500	7364
	590 04/06/2007 HOOD, KIVLIN, KOW	EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 398		AGWUMEZIE, CHARLES C		
AUSTIN, TX 78767-0398			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		3621		
SHORTENED STATUTORY	PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

Office Action Summary		App	Application No. Applicant(s)					
		10/	654,733	WILLIAMS, EMR	WILLIAMS, EMRYS J.			
		Exa	miner	Art Unit				
			rlie C. Agwumezie	3621				
Period for	- The MAILING DATE of this communic Reply	cation appears	on the cover sheet wit	th the correspondence a	ddress			
WHICI - Extens after S - If NO - Failure Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MASSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of time may be available under the provisions of time of this community of the maximum state to reply within the set or extended period for reply uply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AILING DATE (if 37 CFR 1.136(a). I inication. utory period will appli vill, by statute, cause	OF THIS COMMUNIC n no event, however, may a re y and will expire SIX (6) MONT the application to become ABA	CATION. cply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	·			
Status				•				
1)⊠ ∣	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on 04 Septen	nber 2003.					
		b)⊠ This actio	•	•				
′=	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
-	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositio	on of Claims							
4)🛛 (Claim(s) <u>1-39</u> is/are pending in the ap	oplication.						
•	a) Of the above claim(s) is/arc	•	m consideration.					
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
·	Claim(s) <u>1-39</u> is/are rejected.							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
·	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ion and/or elec	tion requirement.					
Applicatio	on Papers							
	he specification is objected to by the	Examiner						
·	·		or b) abjected to b	ov the Examiner	,			
	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
			•	* *	CER 1 121(d)			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
_	•	or forcian prior	the under 25 H.S.C. S	110(a) (d) ar (f)				
-	12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
	a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
	 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 							
	<u> </u>		•	• • ———	ol Stogo			
`	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
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1) ⊠ Notice 2) ☐ Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT	O-948)		ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date				
3) 🔯 Inform	ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)		5) Notice of In	formal Patent Application				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>12/23/03</u> . 6) Other:								

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DETAILED ACTION

Acknowledgement

1. In view of Applicant's argument filed on March 8, 2007 coupled with the telephone conversation today being 3/30/2007, the **finality** of office action mailed on January 16, 2007 and advisory action mailed on March 22, 2007 is hereby withdrawn and substituted with this non-final office action.

Status of Claims

1. Claims 1, 9, 15, 16, 26 and 39 are amended. Claims 1-39 are pending in this application per the response to office action filed on October 26, 2006.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-39 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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Claims 1-3, 7-11, 14-16, 26-34, 36-37, and 39, are rejected under 35
U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Walker et al U.S. Patent Application Publication
No. 2006/0218098 A1.

As per <u>claims 1, 9, 15, and 16</u>, Wlaker et al discloses an Apparatus for use in transactions, comprising:

non-volatile memory containing a set of multiple identifiers associated with a same customer account, wherein said multiple identifiers are also known to an agency providing said customer account (fig. 1; 0025; 0026; "...plurality of predetermined single-use financial account identifiers..."), and

a processor operable to select for each of a plurality of transactions involving the same customer account, a different identifier from said set of multiple identifiers for use with the respective transaction (fig. 1; 0023; 0047; 0049; "... the encryption data changes for each use of the card so that ... card number is different for each transaction...").

As per <u>claim 2</u>, <u>and 10</u>, Walker et al further discloses the apparatus, wherein each of the identifiers in said set of multiple identifiers is allocated by the agency uniquely to the apparatus (figs. 1 and 10; 0049; 0093; "...instructing card holder to obtain a new device with list of single-use credit card numbers...").

As per claims 3 and 11, Walker et al further discloses the apparatus, further

comprising a communications facility to engage a terminal, wherein the apparatus is operable to receive bill details for a transaction from the terminal, to generate a transaction record from the bill details, and to transmit the transaction record to the terminal (figs. 3 and 4; 0054; 0096).

As per <u>claim 4 and 12</u>, Walker et al further discloses the apparatus, wherein the transaction record includes a digital signature that is generated using a cryptographic key contained within the non-volatile memory (0023; 0042; 0065; 0066).

As per <u>claim 5 and 13</u>, Walker et al further discloses the apparatus, wherein the transaction record is encrypted (0009; 0023).

As per <u>claim 7</u>, Walker et al further discloses the apparatus, wherein said apparatus is operable to engage a first class of terminals for making a transaction, and a second class of terminals to enter or to update account information stored in the non-volatile memory (fig. 3 and 4; 0093).

As per <u>claim 14</u>, Walker et al further discloses the method, further comprising limiting the transaction rate of the device to prevent rapid read-out of the identifiers (0046).

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As per <u>claims 17 and 20</u>, Walker et al discloses a method for opening an account on a portable transaction device comprising:

opening an account record in an agency computer system, wherein said agency is to provide the account (fig. 10; 0047; 0093; "...instructing cardholder to obtain a new device with a new list of single use credit card umbers..."),

generating a set of multiple identifiers to be used for transactions on the account (0049; 0093),

storing the set of multiple identifiers in the agency computer system (0093; 0097), and

storing the set of multiple identifiers on the portable transaction device (fig. 10; 0093; 0097).

As per <u>claim 18</u>, Walker further discloses the method, wherein the identifiers are unique to the account for the agency (0046; "...the number is unique for the specific input variable...").

As per <u>claim 19</u>, Walker et al further discloses the method further comprising adding the identifiers to an index, wherein said index maps from an identifier to the corresponding account (0047; 0097; "...transmitted credit card number matches listed in the credit card database...").

As per claim 21, Walker et al discloses the method wherein the identifier within

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said set of multiple identifiers are unrelated to one another (0046)

As per <u>claim 22</u>, Walker et al further discloses the method, wherein the identifiers are generated on the agency computer system, and are transmitted to the portable transaction device for storage thereon (fig. 10, 0047; 0093).

As per <u>claim 23</u>, Walker et al further discloses the method, further comprising generating at least one cryptographic key for use with the account (fig. 1).

As per <u>claim 25</u>, Walker et al further discloses the method, further comprising establishing an identity of a person who is to hold the account prior to opening the account (fig. 10; 0097).

As per <u>claim 26</u>, Walker et al discloses a method for performing a transaction at a terminal using a portable transaction device, comprising:

generating a bill for the transaction at the terminal (0045; 0097; "...cardholder uses device to generate transaction specific data..."),

engaging the portable transaction device with the terminal (figs. 3 and 4; 0047), transmitting the bill from the terminal to the transaction device (0045; ...uses device to generate transaction specific data...),

selecting for each of a plurality of transactions involving a same customer account, a different identifier from a set of multiple identifiers stored on the transaction

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device for use in the transaction (fig. 1; 0023; 0047; 0049; "...the encryption data changes for each use of the card so that ... card number is different for each transaction..."),

generating a transaction record on the transaction device, the transaction record incorporating information from the bill and the selected identifier (0045; ...uses device to generate transaction specific data...), and

transmitting the transaction record to the terminal (figs. 3 and 4; 0045; 0047; "...transmits the single use number to the merchant...").

As per <u>claim 27</u>, Walker et al further discloses the method, wherein the transaction record includes a digital signature from the transaction device (0023; 0042).

As per <u>claim 28</u>, Walker et al further discloses the method, wherein the transaction device is associated with a customer account, and wherein said multiple identifiers are also known to an agency providing said customer account, the method further comprising:

transmitting the transaction record from the terminal to an agency computer (0047; "...merchant enters the single use number into authorization terminal connected to a central credit card processing system..."),

accessing an account record for the customer account based on the selected identifier included in the transaction record (0047; "...central system processor maps...card number onto conventional credit card account..."),

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validating the transaction (0047; "...determines whether the transaction is authorized..."), and

updating the account record in respect of the validated transaction (0093; "...updated to change the status of the number from not used to used...").

As per <u>claim 29</u>, Walker further discloses the method, wherein prior to transmitting the transaction record from the terminal to the agency computer, the terminal incorporates its own copy of the bill into the transaction record (0045; 0047).

As per <u>claim 30</u>, Walker et al further discloses a method of operating a computer account system at an agency, said agency maintaining a plurality of customer accounts on the computer account system, wherein each customer account has a set of multiple identifiers associated therewith, the method comprising:

receiving a request for a transaction on a customer account (0045; 0047), accessing an identifier within the request (0047),

determining which set of multiple identifiers the accessed identifier belongs to, and from this determining a customer account for the transaction (0047), and updating the determined customer account in respect of the transaction (0093).

As per <u>claim 31</u>, Walker et al further discloses the method, wherein determining which set of multiple identifiers the accessed identifier belongs to comprises accessing an index that maps identifiers to corresponding account records (0047; "...central

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system processor maps...card number onto conventional credit card account...").

As per <u>claim 32</u>, Walker further discloses the method, wherein the request includes a digital signature generated by a transaction device associated with a customer account, and the method further comprises validating the digital signature (0023; 0042).

As per <u>claim 33</u>, Walker et al further discloses the method, further comprising opening a new customer account by: creating a new account record for the new customer account (fig. 10; 0093), and

storing a set of multiple identifiers associated with the new customer account into the new account record (fig. 10; 0093).

As per <u>claim 34</u>, Walker et al further discloses the method, further comprising: generating the set of multiple identifiers associated with the new customer account (fig. 10; 0093), and

transmitting the generated set of multiple identifiers to a customer transaction device for use with the new customer account (fig. 10; 0093).

As per <u>claim 35 and 38</u>, Walker et al further discloses the method, further comprising generating at least one cryptographic key for use in communications between the computer account system and the customer transaction device (fig. 1).

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As per <u>claims 36 and 39</u>, Walker et al discloses a computer account system at an agency, said system comprising:

a plurality of customer account records, wherein each customer account record incorporates a set of multiple identifiers associated therewith (fig. 1; 0025; 0026; "...plurality of predetermined single-use financial account identifiers..."), and

an index that maps identifiers to corresponding account records (0047; "...central system processor maps...card number onto conventional credit card account..."),

wherein the system is responsive to receiving a request for a transaction on a customer account to access an identifier within the request in order to determine which set of multiple identifiers and hence which customer account the accessed identifier belongs to (0047; "...central system processor maps...card number onto conventional credit card account...").

As per <u>claim 37</u>, Walker et al further discloses the system, wherein the multiple identifiers associated with a customer account record are unique to that account record (0046; "...the number is unique for the specific input variable...").

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 6, is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Walker et at U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2006/0218098 A1 in view of Mann, III et al U.S. Patent Application Publication No 2006/0122943 A1.

As per <u>claim 6</u>, Walker et al failed to explicitly disclose the apparatus, wherein said apparatus is provided within inert packaging to allow implantation into the human body.

Mann, III et al discloses the apparatus, wherein said apparatus is provided within inert packaging to allow implantation into the human body (0042; 0051).

Accordingly it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at time of applicant's invention to modify the method of Walker et al and incorporate the apparatus, wherein said apparatus is provided within inert packaging to allow implantation into the human body as taught by Mann, III et al in order to ensure adequate security.

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5. <u>Claim 8</u> is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Walker et at U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2006/0218098 A1 in view of Pitroda U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2005/0247777 A1.

As per <u>claim 8</u>, Walker et al failed to explicitly disclose the apparatus, further comprising first and second power circuits that are activated by said first and second class of terminals respectively, wherein activation of said second power circuit does not allow account information to be entered or updated in at least certain portions of said non-volatile memory.

Pitroda discloses the apparatus, further comprising first and second power circuits that are activated by said first and second class of terminals respectively, wherein activation of said second power circuit does not allow account information to be entered or updated in at least certain portions of said non-volatile memory (see figs. 3; 0014).

Accordingly it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at time of applicant's invention to modify the method of Walker et al and incorporate the apparatus, further comprising first and second power circuits that are activated by said first and second class of terminals respectively, wherein activation of said second power circuit does not allow account information to be entered or updated in at least certain portions of said non-volatile memory in view of the teachings of Pitroda in order to ensure adequate security.

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6. <u>Claim 24</u> is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Walker et at U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2006/0218098 A1 in view of Wynn U.S. Patent No. RE38,137 E.

As per <u>claim 24</u>, Walker et al failed to explicitly disclose the method, further comprising making a prepayment onto the account prior to using the account for transactions.

Wynn further discloses the method, further comprising making a prepayment onto the account prior to using the account for transactions (fig. 10).

Accordingly it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at time of applicant's invention to modify the method of Walker et al and incorporate the apparatus, further comprising making a prepayment onto the account prior to using the account for transactions in view of the teachings of Wynn in order to ensure adequate available credit.

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Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The reference cited to Wynn U.S. Patent No. RE38,137 E is a document considered relevant to the claimed invention.

Examiner's Note: Examiner has cited particular columns and line numbers in the references as applied to the claims below for the convenience of the applicant. Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings in the art ad are applied to the specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested that the applicant, in preparing the responses, fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior art or disclosed by the examiner.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Charles C. Agwumezie whose number is **(571) 272-6838**. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday – Friday 8:00 am – 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Andrew Fischer can be reached on (571) 272 – 6779.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For

more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Charlie Lion Agwumezie

Patent Examiner Art Unit 3621

Acc March 21, 2007

> ANDREW J. FISCHER SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600